











## **Patient**

Age (Single)		
< 40 years	4	
40-60 years	3	
61-70 years	2	
70-80 years	1	
> 80 years	0	$\cup$
Risk factor incidence (mu	ltiple)	
Previous SAH from an diffrent aneurysm	4	
Familial intracranial aneurysm or SHA	3	
Japanese, Finnish, Inuit ethnicity	2	
Current cigarette smoking	3	
Hypertension (systolic BP > 140mm Hg)	2	
Autosomal-polycystic kidney disease	2	
Current drug abuse (cocaine, amphetamine)	2	
Current alcohol abuse	1	$\bigcup$

Clinical Symptoms relate to UIA (multiple)	d		
Cranial nerve deficit	4		
Clinical or radiological mass effect	4		
Thromboembolic events from the aneurysm	3		
Epilepsy	1	$\cup$	
Other (multiple)			
Reduced quality of life due to fear of repture	2		
Aneurysm multiplicity	1	$\cup$	
ife expectancy due to thronic and/or malignant Diseases (Single)			
< 5 years	4		
5 - 10 years	3		_
> 10 years	1		
Comorbid disease (multip	le)		
Neurocognitive disorder	3		
Coagulopathies, thrombophilic diseases	2		_
Psychiatric disorder	2		

<b>Aneurysm</b>		
Maximum diameter (Sing	ıle)	
≤3.9 mm	0	
4.0 - 6.9 mm	1	
7.0 - 12.9 mm	2	
13.0 - 24.9 mm	3	
≥ 25 mm	4	$\cup$
Morphology (multiple)		
Irregularity or lobulation	3	
Size ration > 3 or		
aspect ratio>1.6	1	$\cup$
Location (Single)		
BasA bifurcation	5	
Vertebra/basilar artery	4	
AcomA or PcomA	2	$\cup$
Other (multiple)		
Aneurysm growth on		
serial imaging	4	
Aneurysm de novo formation		
on serial imaging	3	
Contralateral		
stenoocclusive vessel		

disease

Treatmer	nt	
Age-related risk (Sir	ngle)	
< 40 years	0	
41-60 years	1	
61-70 years	3	
71-80 years	4	_
> 80 years	5	L
Aneurysm size-reala	ited	
risk (Single)		
< 6.0mm	0	
6.0 - 10.0 mm	1	
10.1 - 20.0 mm	3	_
> 20 mm	5	L
Aneurysm complexi realated risk	ty-	
High	3	_
Low	0	
Intervention-related	risk	Œ
Constant*		(5

**Favors** 

UIA

**Favors UIA** 

conservative management